
Answers to Odd-Numbered Exercises

CHAPTER 0

Section 0.1, page 9

1. $a = 4, b = 2, c = 9, d = -1$

3. (a) Not possible (b) Not possible

(c) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ (d) $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 \\ 1 & 11 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

5. $\mathbf{AB} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 11 \\ 10 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{BA} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 \\ 12 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$

7. $\mathbf{AC} = \mathbf{BC} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -12 \\ -8 & -32 \end{bmatrix}$

9. $\begin{aligned} 3x_1 - 2x_2 + 5x_3 + 4x_4 &= 1 \\ 4x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 &= -3 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 - 2x_3 + x_4 &= 5 \end{aligned}$

Section 0.2, page 20

$$1. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{7}{3} & 2 & -\frac{13}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. (a) $x = 1$, $y = 2$, $z = -2$

(b) No solution

7. (a) No solution

(b) $x = 3$, $y = -2$, $z = 0$, $w = 1$

9. (a) No solution

(b) $x = \frac{7}{3} - \frac{7}{9}r$, $y = \frac{4}{3} + \frac{8}{9}r$, $z = r$, where r is any real number.

11. (a) $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $z = 0$

(b) $x = -r$, $y = 0$, $z = 0$, $w = r$, where r is any real number.

13. (i) $a = -3$

(ii) $a =$ any real number except 3 or -3

(iii) $a = 3$

Section 0.3, page 27

1. $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} \\ -\frac{3}{5} & \frac{2}{5} \end{bmatrix}$

3. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

5. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{7} & \frac{3}{7} \\ \frac{4}{7} & -\frac{1}{7} \end{bmatrix}$ (b) No inverse (c) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{14}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{9} \\ -\frac{2}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{5}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \end{bmatrix}$

7. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{3}{10} \\ \frac{1}{5} & \frac{1}{10} \end{bmatrix}$ (b) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{7}{4} & -\frac{3}{2} & -\frac{5}{4} \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (c) No inverse

9. (a) Does not exist

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ -\frac{13}{7} & 1 & \frac{9}{14} \\ -\frac{12}{7} & 1 & \frac{11}{14} \end{bmatrix}$

(c) Does not exist

Section 0.4, page 32

3. (b) and (c)

5. (a) and (b)

Section 0.5, page 41

1. (a) and (b)

3. (a) and (b)

$$5. (c): \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(d): \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + 2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

7. (a)

9. (a)

$$11. (c): \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$13. (a) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (c) \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (d) \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

19. 2

CHAPTER 1**Section 1.1, page 60**

1. Let x = amount of PEST (in kilograms) and
 y = amount of BUG (in kilograms).

Minimize $z = 3x + 2.5y$
 subject to

$$30x + 40y \geq 120$$

$$40x + 20y \leq 80$$

$$x \geq 0, \quad y \geq 0.$$

To change to standard form, change the objective function and the first constraint.

3. Let x = number of Palium pills prescribed per day and
 y = number of Timade pills prescribed per day.

Minimize $z = 0.4x + 0.3y$
subject to

$$\begin{aligned}4x + 2y &\geq 10 \\0.5x + 0.5y &\leq 2 \\x \geq 0, \quad y &\geq 0.\end{aligned}$$

To change to standard form, change the objective function and the first constraint.

5. Let x = number of kilograms of Super and
 y = number of kilograms of Deluxe.

Maximize $z = 20x + 30y$
subject to

$$\begin{aligned}0.5x + 0.25y &\leq 120 \\0.5x + 0.75y &\leq 160 \\x \geq 0, \quad y &\geq 0.\end{aligned}$$

This model is in standard form.

7. Let x_1 = number of bags of Regular Lawn (in thousands)
 x_2 = number of bags of Super Lawn (in thousands), and
 x_3 = number of bags of Garden (in thousands).

Maximize $z = 300x_1 + 500x_2 + 400x_3$
subject to

$$\begin{aligned}4x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 &\leq 80 \\2x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 &\leq 50 \\x_1 \geq 0, \quad x_2 \geq 0, \quad x_3 &\geq 0.\end{aligned}$$

This model is in standard form.

9. Let x_1 = number of books in paperback binding,
 x_2 = number of books in bookclub binding, and
 x_3 = number of books in library binding.

Maximize $z = 0.5x_1 + 0.8x_2 + 1.2x_3$
subject to

$$\begin{aligned}2x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 &\leq 420 \\4x_1 + 6x_2 + 10x_3 &\leq 600 \\x_1 \geq 0, \quad x_2 \geq 0, \quad x_3 &\geq 0.\end{aligned}$$

This model is in standard form.

11. Let x_{ij} = amount of the i th ingredient in the j th mixture (in kilograms), where

Ingredient 1 = Sunflower seeds

Ingredient 2 = Raisins

Ingredient 3 = Peanuts

Mixture 1 = Chewy

Mixture 2 = Crunchy

Mixture 3 = Nutty

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } & 2 \sum_{i=1}^3 x_{i1} + 1.6 \sum_{i=1}^3 x_{i2} + 1.2 \sum_{i=1}^3 x_{i3} \\ & - \sum_{j=1}^3 x_{1j} - 1.5 \sum_{j=1}^3 x_{2j} - 0.8 \sum_{j=1}^3 x_{3j} \end{aligned}$$

subject to

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 x_{1j} \leq 100$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 x_{2j} \leq 80$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 x_{3j} \leq 60$$

$$0.6x_{11} - 0.4x_{21} + 0.6x_{31} \leq 0$$

$$-0.2x_{11} - 0.2x_{21} + 0.8x_{31} \leq 0$$

$$-0.4x_{12} + 0.6x_{22} + 0.6x_{32} \leq 0$$

$$0.8x_{13} - 0.2x_{23} - 0.2x_{33} \leq 0$$

$$0.6x_{13} + 0.6x_{23} - 0.4x_{33} \leq 0$$

$$x_{ij} \geq 0, \quad i = 1, 2, 3; \quad j = 1, 2, 3$$

Section 1.2, page 68

1. Maximize $z = [20 \quad 30] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$
subject to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & 0.3 \\ 0.2 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 18 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Maximize $z = 3x + 2y + 3v - 2w$
subject to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 2 & -4 \\ -2 & -6 & -2 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 & -5 & 1 \\ -3 & -2 & 5 & -1 \\ 6 & 7 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ v \\ w \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -7 \\ 8 \\ -8 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ v \\ w \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Maximize $z = [-3 \quad -2 \quad 0 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ u \\ v \end{bmatrix}$

subject to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ u \\ v \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ u \\ v \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

7. Maximize $z = [3 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad -2 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ v \\ w \\ u \end{bmatrix}$

subject to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 2 & -4 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & -5 & 1 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 & 2 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ v \\ w \\ u \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ v \\ w \\ u \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

9. Maximize $z = [20 \quad 30 \quad 0 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ u \\ v \end{bmatrix}$

subject to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.25 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.5 & 0.75 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ u \\ v \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 120 \\ 160 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ u \\ v \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

11. (a) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 13 \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}; \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}; z = 340$
 $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}; \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}; z = 420$

$$(b) \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$$

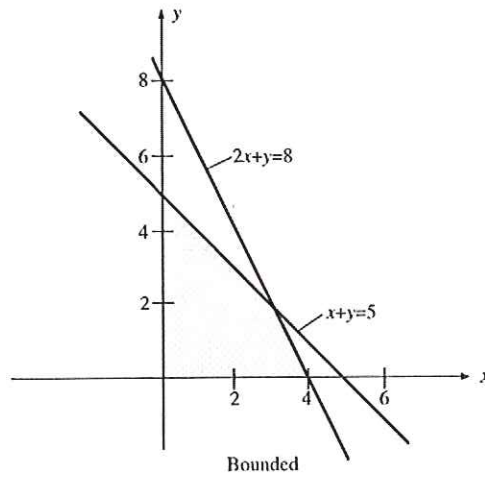
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 16 \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \geq \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

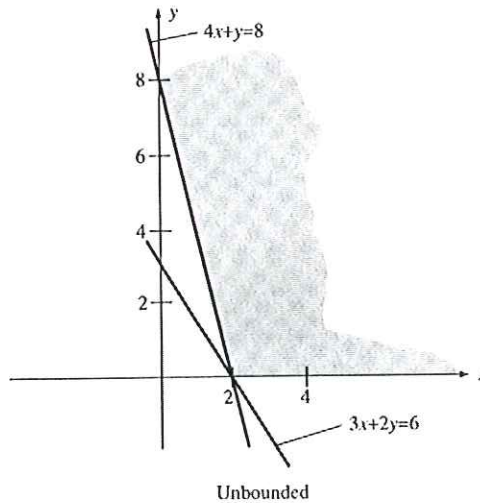
13. (a) $x = 2, y = 3, u = 3, v = 4$
 (b) Impossible

Section 1.3, page 81

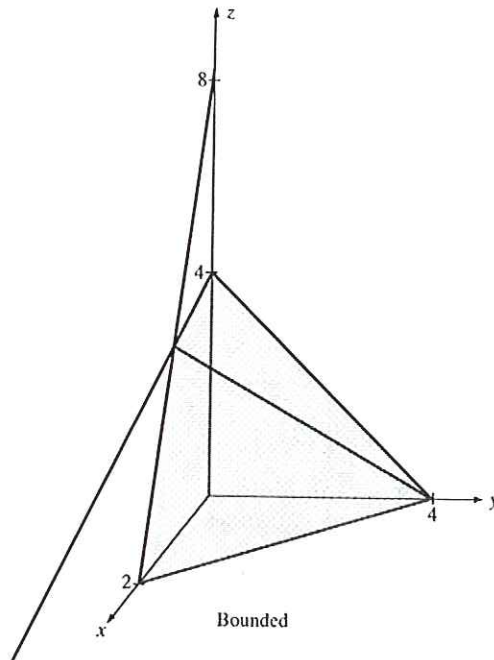
1.



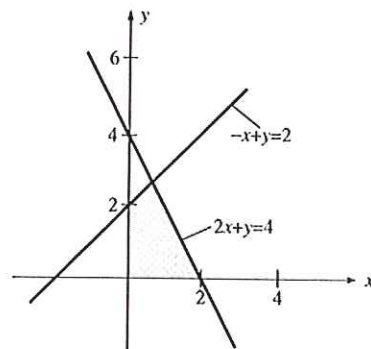
3.



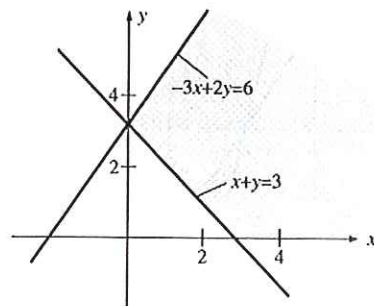
5.



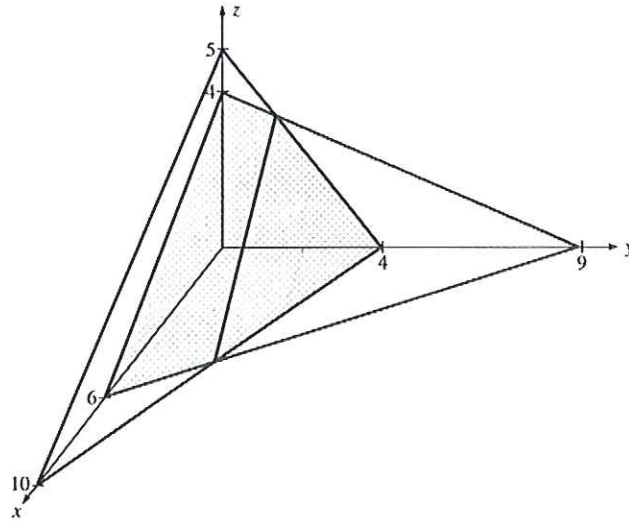
7.



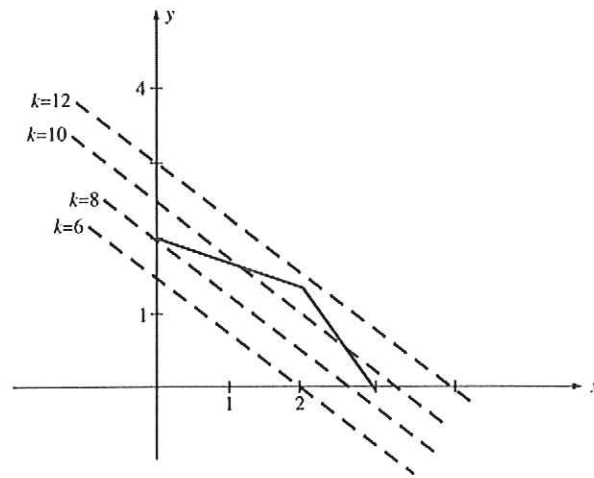
9.



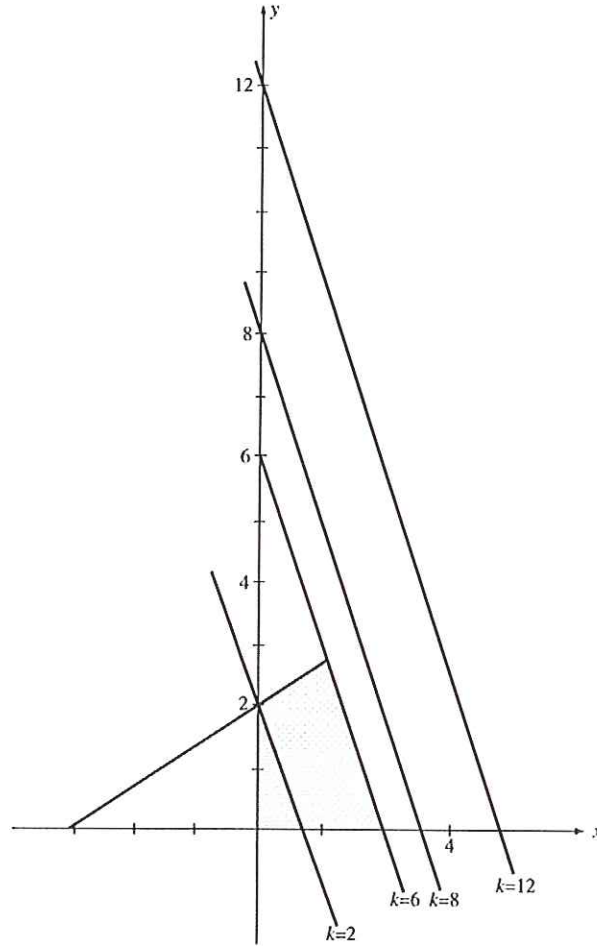
11.



13.



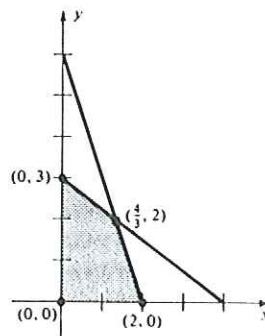
15.



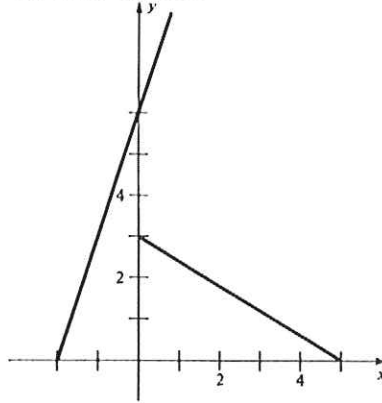
17. Not convex 19. Convex 21. Convex 23. Convex

Section 1.4, page 90

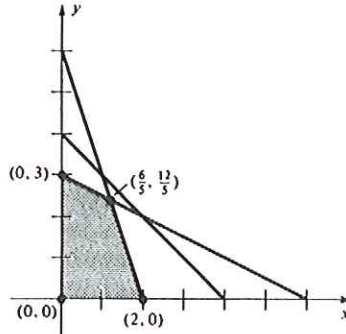
1. (a) $(0, 0)$, $(2, 0)$, $(\frac{4}{3}, 2)$, $(0, 3)$ (b) $(0, 3)$; $z = 6$



3. (a) None exists (b) Does not exist

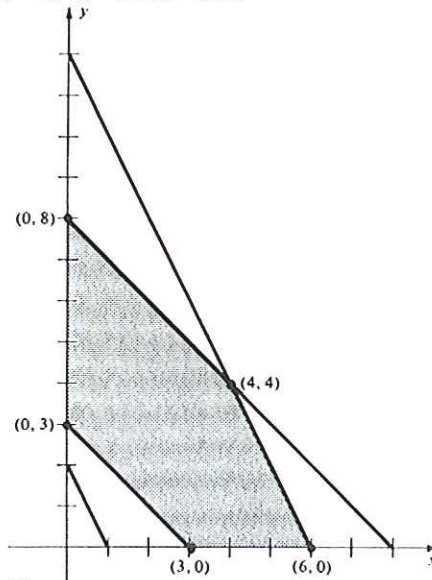


5. (a) $(0, 0)$, $(2, 0)$, $(\frac{6}{5}, \frac{12}{5})$, $(0, 3)$



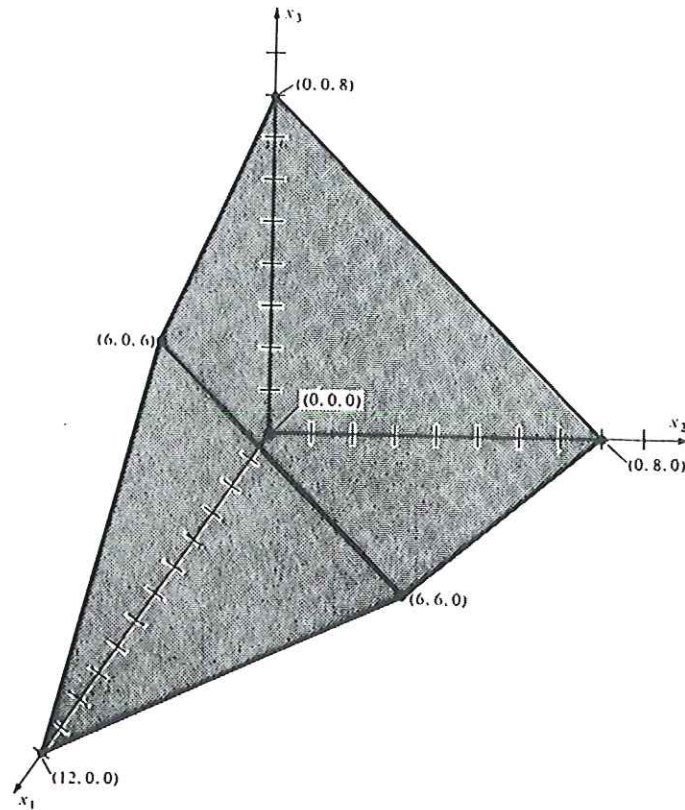
- (b) $(0, 0)$; $z = 0$

7. (a) $(3, 0)$, $(6, 0)$, $(4, 4)$, $(0, 8)$, $(0, 3)$



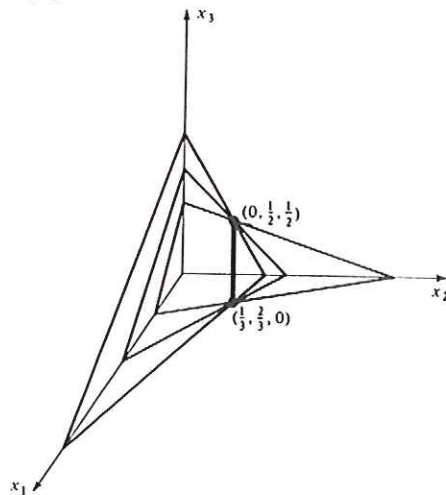
- (b) $(0, 8)$; $z = 40$

9. (a) $(0, 0, 0)$, $(0, 0, 8)$, $(6, 0, 6)$, $(12, 0, 0)$, $(6, 6, 0)$, $(0, 8, 0)$



(b) $(6, 6, 0)$; $z = 36$

11. (a) $(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 0)$, $(0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$



(b) $(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, 0)$; $z = 3$

Section 1.5, page 99

1. (i) (a), (c), (e) (ii) (a), (c) (iii) (a), (b), (c)
 (iv) (a) basic variables are x_2, x_4, x_5
 (c) basic variables are x_1, x_4 , and one of x_2, x_3, x_5

3. Let x_1 = number of glazed doughnuts per day and
 x_2 = number of powdered doughnuts per day.

Maximize $z = 0.07x_1 + 0.05x_2$
 subject to

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 + x_2 &\leq 1400 \\x_1 &\leq 1000 \\x_2 &\leq 1200 \\x_1 &\geq 600 \\x_1 \geq 0, \quad x_2 &\geq 0\end{aligned}$$

Extreme points: (600, 0), (1000, 0), (1000, 400) (600, 800)
 Optimal solution: (1000, 400); $z = \$90$

5. Let x_1 = number of glazed doughnuts per day
 x_2 = number of powdered doughnuts per day, and
 x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6 = slack variables.

Maximize $z = 0.07x_1 + 0.05x_2$
 subject to

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 1400 \\x_1 + x_4 &= 1000 \\+ x_2 + x_5 &= 1200 \\x_1 - x_6 &= 600\end{aligned}$$

At the optimal solution,

$x_3 = 0$ = additional number of doughnuts per day that could be baked;
 $x_4 = 0$ = additional number of doughnuts per day that could be glazed;
 $x_5 = 800$ = additional number of doughnuts per day that could be dipped; and
 $x_6 = 400$ = number of glazed doughnuts over the required number.

The basic variables are x_1, x_2, x_5 , and x_6 .

7. (a) Basic if x_2 and x_4 are taken as nonbasic variables; basic if x_1 and x_2 are taken as nonbasic variables; and not basic if x_1 and x_4 are taken as nonbasic variables
 (b) Not basic
 (c) Not basic

9. (a) Maximize $z = 4x_1 + 2x_2 + 7x_3$
subject to

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 4x_3 + x_4 = 18$$

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 + x_5 = 10$$

$$x_j \geq 0, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, 5$$

(b)

x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	Basic variables	Optimal
0	0	0	18	10	x_4, x_5	No
0	0	2	10	0	x_3, x_4	Yes
0	5	0	23	0	x_2, x_4	No
$\frac{5}{2}$	0	0	13	0	x_1, x_4	No

CHAPTER 2

Section 2.1, page 119

1.

	x	y	u	v	
u	3	5	1	0	8
v	2	7	0	1	12
	-2	-5	0	0	0

3. (a) x_2 (b) x_1 (c) No finite optimal solution

5. Using x_2 as the entering variable,

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	
x_2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$
x_3	$-\frac{1}{4}$	0	1	$-\frac{5}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
	2	0	0	-2	$\frac{23}{2}$

Using x_4 as the entering variable,

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	
x_4	1	2	0	1	3
x_3	1	$\frac{5}{2}$	1	0	$\frac{9}{2}$
	4	4	0	0	$\frac{35}{2}$

7.

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	
x_1	1	1	5	0	4
x_4	0	1	7	1	10
	0	3	13	0	19

9. (a) $x_1 = 20, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0, u = 6, v = 12, w = 0$

Basic variables: x_1, u, v

(b)

	x_1	x_2	x_3	u	v	w	
x_1	1	0	-8	$-\frac{5}{2}$	0	13	5
x_2	0	1	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	-2	3
v	0	0	-5	-1	1	7	6
	0	0	7	$\frac{5}{2}$	0	-7	27

(c) $x_1 = 5, x_2 = 3, x_3 = 0, u = 0, v = 6, w = 0$

Basic variables: x_1, x_2, v

11. $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}; z = 0$

13. $x = \frac{38}{23}, y^+ = \frac{12}{23}, y^- = 0; z = \frac{136}{23}$

15. Make 0 kg Super blend and $\frac{640}{3}$ kg Deluxe blend.
Profit = \$64.00

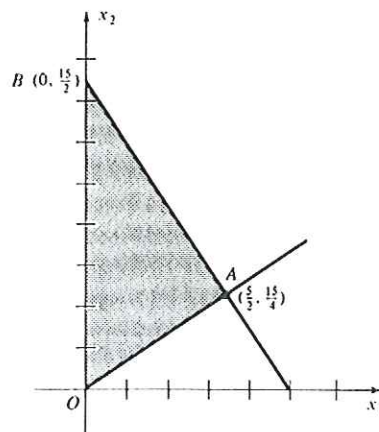
17. Make 0 books in either paperback or library bindings and 100 books in book-club binding. Profit = \$80.00

19. No finite optimal solution

21. $[3 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]^T; z = 15$

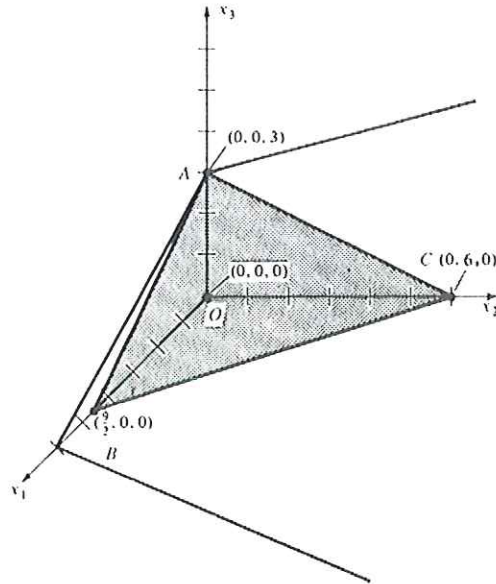
Section 2.2, page 130

1. $[0 \ \frac{15}{2}]^T; z = \frac{75}{2}$



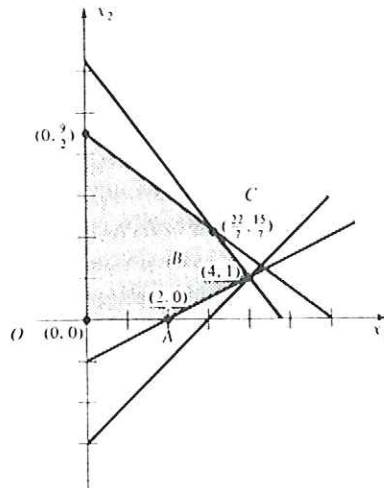
The simplex algorithm examines the following extreme points: O, O, A, B .

3. $[0 \ 0 \ 3]^T$; $z = 15$



The simplex algorithm examines the following extreme points: O, A, A .

5. $[\frac{22}{7} \ \frac{15}{7}]^T$; $z = \frac{207}{7}$



The simplex algorithm examines the following extreme points: O, A, B, C .

9. $[4 \ 1 \ 0 \ 4 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]^T$; $z = -2$

Section 2.3, page 150

1. (a)

	x_1	x_2	x_3	y_1	y_2	
y_1	1	2	7	1	0	4
y_2	1	3	1	0	1	5
	-2	-5	-8	0	0	-9

(b)

	x_1	x_2	x_3	y_1	y_2	
y_1	1	2	7	1	0	4
y_2	1	3	1	0	1	5
	$-1 - 2M$	$-5M$	$-3 - 8M$	0	0	$-9M$

3. (a)

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	y_1	y_2	
y_1	1	3	2	-1	0	1	0	7
y_2	2	1	1	0	-1	0	1	4
	-3	-4	-3	1	1	0	0	-11

(b)

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	y_1	y_2	
y_1	1	3	2	-1	0	1	0	7
y_2	2	1	1	0	-1	0	1	4
	$3 - 3M$	$-2 - 4M$	$-3M$	M	M	0	0	$-11M$

5.

	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	y_1	y_2	
x_2	$-\frac{1}{4}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
x_3	$\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{2}$
	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0